LOT 222 HARDEY RD, GLEN FORREST SITE & SOIL EVALUATION

Prepared for

Mundaring Gospel Trust

c/- Statewest Planning PO Box 1377 MIDLAND WA 6936

Report No. J20006 24 November 2023

> BAYLEY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES 30 Thomas Street SOUTH FREMANTLE WA 6162

INTRODUCTION

The Mundaring Gospel Trust proposes to develop a small membership-based shop, a meeting hall (place of worship) and a childcare centre on Lot 222 Hardey Road, Glen Forrest. Each building will be served by a separate on-site effluent disposal system. Lot 222 and the adjacent Lot 221 will be created from the existing Lot 20 Hardey Rd under subdivision approval 162343 and will have an area of 5,900 square metres.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Structerre Pty Ltd carried out a Site & Soil Evaluation (SSE) of Lot 20 Hardey Rd in September 2020. Bayley Environmental Services (BES) carried out a further SSE in December 2021, focusing on the areas proposed for effluent disposal and drainage.

ON-SITE EFFLUENT DISPOSAL

Land Capability

The Site & Soil Evaluation found that the site is suitable for on-site effluent disposal in accordance with the Government Sewerage Policy (GSP). In particular:

- The slope of the site is less than 20%.
- No groundwater or confining layers were detected at less than 2m depth.
- The soil permeability in the shallow profile is moderate to high and suitable for effluent disposal via leach drains, drip or spray irrigation.
- The soil PRI is expected to be high to very high.
- There are no surface watercourses within 500m of the site.
- The site is not within a public drinking water source protection area or sewage sensitive area.

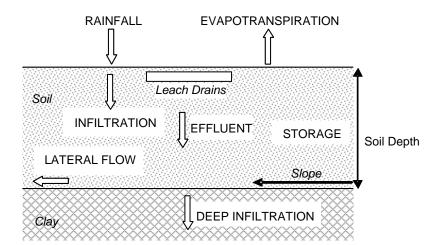
Site Capacity

The assimilative capacity of the site can be estimated by a site water balance. Effluent disposal will add water to the soil profile over what is naturally input by rainfall. The water balance of the site will consist of inputs (rain and effluent) and outputs (evapotranspiration, storage, deep infiltration and lateral flow). In a steady state, the input and output volumes are equal as per the following equation:

•

$$R + E = Et + St + DI + LF$$

The diagram below illustrates this water balance.



Using parameters for effluent generation published by the Health Department, rainfall and evaporation data from the Bureau of Meteorology, estimated site population numbers supplied by the Mundaring Gospel Trust and site characteristics from on-site testing, the water balance model shows that:

- The modelled scenario results in an overall effluent loading rate of 6.73 mm/day.
 This is well below the AS1547:2012 recommended design loading rates (DLR) of 10mm/day for septic tank/leach drains and 30mm/day for ATU/leach drains.
- In both summer and winter under all conditions except 1-day extreme rainfall, deep infiltration capacity will exceed net water loading (effluent plus rainfall minus evaporation), so no lateral flow or change in soil storage will occur.
- Under short-term extreme rainfall (139 mm in one day, equivalent to January 2018), net water loading will marginally exceed deep infiltration capacity. The excess will be stored in the soil profile or removed by lateral flow, with the remainder removed by deep infiltration over the following day.
- Under all conditions, the combination of evapotranspiration, deep infiltration, soil storage and lateral flow is sufficient to ensure that no saturation of the soil profile or surfacing of effluent will occur.

System Selection and Sizing

Given the favourable site characteristics, effluent disposal may be carried out by means of conventional septic tank/leach drain systems or by secondary treatment systems (e.g. ATU) with either surface or drip irrigation or leach drains.

Based on the soil types, effluent volumes and expected patterns of use, the following effluent treatment and disposal systems are proposed:

•	Shop	Treatment Disposal	ATU system 2 x 6m end-to-end flatbed leach drains
•	Hall	Treatment Disposal	Septic tanks 2 x 7m end-to-end flatbed leach drains
•	Childcare	Treatment Disposal	ATU system 2 x 20m parallel flatbed leach drains

These sizings are preliminary and will be subject to detailed design prior to construction.

DRAINAGE

Runoff from the three development stages will be captured in bioretention basins located in the south-east corner of each stage. The basins have been sized to capture and infiltrate all runoff from a 15mm 1-hour storm and to detain and compensate the flow from critical storms up to 100-year ARI (1% AEP), releasing the excess flow at no more than pre-development rates.

Runoff from larger or longer-duration storms will overflow the basins via a pipeline on the eastern boundary of Lot 222 into the adjacent Lot 221, in line with the existing flow paths. The sizing of the basins will ensure that the rate of overflow will be no greater than before development. The outflow from the pipe will be suitably protected to prevent erosion and scouring.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

				Page
1.0	INTR	ODUCT	ION	1
	1.1	Backg	ground	1
	1.2	-	fications and Experience of Assessor	1
2.0	EXIS	TING EN	NVIRONMENT	2
	2.1	Clima	te	2
	2.2	Physi	ography	4
		2.2.1	Topography	4
		2.2.2	Geology and Soils	4
		2.2.3	Acid Sulphate Soils	4
		2.2.4	Phosphorus Retention Index	4
		2.2.5	Soil Permeability	5
	2.3	Hydro	ology	5
		2.3.1	Surface Drainage	5
		2.3.2	Groundwater	5
3.0	ON-S	SITE EFF	FLUENT DISPOSAL	6
	3.1	Site C	apability	6
	3.2	Efflue	ent System Conceptual Design	6
		3.2.1	Treatment and Disposal	6
		3.2.2	System Sizing	7
		3.2.3	Site Capacity	8
4.0	DRA	INAGE		10
5.0	REFI	ERENCE	ES .	12

LIST OF TABLES

Table	Title	Page
2.1	Rainfall Intensity for Glen Forrest	3
3.1	On-site Effluent Disposal Capability	6

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Title
1	Proposed Development Plan
2	The Site and Surroundings
3	Bickley Mean Rainfall (p. 2 of document)
4	Environmental Features
5	Drainage and Effluent Disposal

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix	Title
Α	Soil Logs
В	Permeability Test Results
С	Effluent Generation and System Sizing
D	Water Balance
Е	Runoff Calculations

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

The Mundaring Gospel Trust proposes to develop a small membership-based shop, a meeting hall (place of worship) and a childcare centre on Lot 222 Hardey Road, Glen Forrest. Each building will be served by a separate on-site effluent disposal system. Lot 222 and the adjacent Lot 221 will be created from the existing Lot 20 Hardey Rd under subdivision approval 162343 and will have an area of 5,900 square metres. Figure 1 shows the proposed development plan. Figure 2 shows an aerial view of the site and surroundings.

Structerre Pty Ltd carried out a Site & Soil Evaluation (SSE) of Lot 20 Hardey Rd in September 2020. The SSE included soil probing at eight locations and permeability testing at four locations across the site. The Shire of Mundaring subsequently requested further information, especially on soil conditions in the areas proposed for effluent and drainage disposal.

Bayley Environmental Services (BES) carried out a further SSE in December 2021, focussing on the areas proposed for effluent disposal and drainage. The SSE included:

- test pits to 1.9m 2.8m at twelve sites with an 8-tonne excavator;
- constant-head permeability tests at 0.5m and/or 1m depth at nine sites;
- examination of surface conditions including topography, surface soils, hydrology and vegetation; and
- collation of published information including topography, hydrology and geology.

The site works on Lot 222 are not part of this proposal but the results of these tests are included for completeness.

The BES test pitting was carried out in August 2021 and the permeability tests in September 2021. The Shire of Mundaring's then Senior Environmental Health Officer Mr Martin Shurlock attended the site and observed some of the test pitting.

1.2 Qualifications and Experience of Assessor

This report has been prepared by Phillip Bayley, an Environmental Scientist with 39 years' experience including 34 years as a private consultant. Phillip Bayley has undertaken over 70 site & soil assessments and land capability assessments for onsite effluent disposal since 2006.

The investigations and analyses presented in this report have been undertaken in accordance with Australian Standard AS1547:2012 – *Onsite Domestic Wastewater Management* and the *Government Sewerage Policy 2019*.

2.0 EXISTING ENVIRONMENT

2.1 Climate

Glen Forrest, like the rest of the Perth region, has a strongly seasonal rainfall, with most of the annual rain falling between May and September in association with winter cold fronts. Occasional heavy falls may occur from summer thunderstorms. The long-term average annual rainfall for Bickley (the closest Bureau of Meteorology weather station with long-term data) is 1,088.8mm, of which 78% falls between May and September.

Figure 3 shows a rainfall occurrence chart for Bickley.

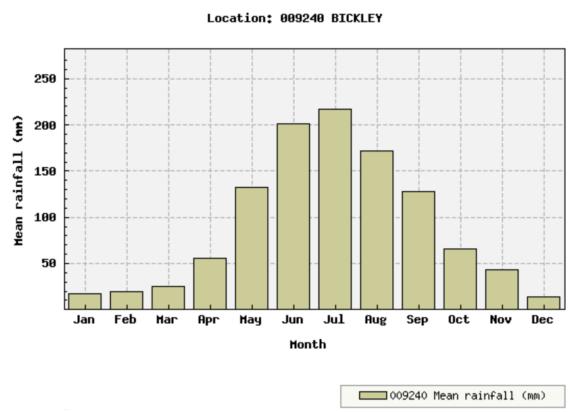


Figure 3 Bickley Mean Rainfall

Table 2.1 Rainfall Intensity for Glen Forrest

	Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP)						
Duration	63.2%	50%#	20%*	10%	5%	2%	1%
1 min	1.70	1.87	2.44	2.85	3.26	3.85	4.32
2 min	2.99	3.25	4.14	4.78	5.44	6.39	7.16
3 <u>min</u>	4.00	4.37	5.60	6.48	7.41	8.71	9.78
4 <u>min</u>	4.84	5.30	6.83	7.94	9.09	10.7	12.0
5 <u>min</u>	5.55	6.09	7.89	9.20	10.5	12.4	14.0
10 <u>min</u>	8.04	8.88	11.6	13.6	15.6	18.4	20.6
15 <u>min</u>	9.70	10.7	14.0	16.4	18.8	22.2	24.8
20 <u>min</u>	11.0	12.1	15.8	18.5	21.2	24.9	27.9
25 <u>min</u>	12.0	13.2	17.3	20.2	23.1	27.1	30.4
30 <u>min</u>	12.9	14.2	18.5	21.6	24.7	29.0	32.5
45 <u>min</u>	15.1	16.6	21.4	25.0	28.6	33.7	37.8
1 hour	16.9	18.5	23.8	27.6	31.7	37.4	42.1
1.5 hour	19.7	21.5	27.5	32.0	36.8	43.6	49.4
2 hour	22.0	24.0	30.6	35.6	41.0	48.9	55.6
3 hour	25.8	28.0	35.7	41.7	48.2	57.9	66.3
4.5 hour	30.3	32.8	41.8	49.0	56.9	69.0	79.5
6 hour	33.9	36.7	46.9	55.1	64.2	78.1	90.4
9 hour	39.7	43.1	55.2	64.9	75.8	92.6	107
12 hour	44.3	48.2	61.9	72.8	84.8	104	120
18 hour	51.5	56.1	72.2	84.7	98.3	120	139
24 hour	57.1	62.3	80.2	93.7	108	131	151
30 hour	61.7	67.5	86.7	101	116	139	159
36 hour	65.7	71.9	92.2	107	122	146	166
48 hour	72.3	79.2	101	116	132	156	175
72 hour	82.9	90.9	115	131	147	170	189
96 hour	91.8	101	127	144	160	184	203
120 hour	99.9	109	138	157	174	199	218
144 hour	108	118	149	169	189	216	237
168 hour	116	127	160	183	206	236	260

Note:

[#] The 50% AEP IFD **does not** correspond to the 2 year Average Recurrence Interval (ARI) IFD. Rather it corresponds to the 1.44 ARI.

 $^{^{*}}$ The 20% AEP IFD **does not** correspond to the 5 year Average Recurrence Interval (ARI) IFD. Rather it corresponds to the 4.48 ARI.

2.2 Physiography

2.2.1 Topography

The site is located on the undulating surface of the Darling Plateau on a southeast-facing slope at the head of a catchment of a minor tributary of the Helena River. The elevation of the site ranges from about 250m AHD at the northern boundary to 245m AHD in the south-east corner. The slope varies from about 4% to 9%, averaging 6% across the site. The slope is generally even, with no significant topographic convergences.

Figure 4 shows topographic contours over the site.

2.2.2 Geology and Soils

The Geological Survey of Western Australia (Smurthwaite, 1986) describes the site as Laterite (LA₁/Czl): "...massive, hard, cemented, vuggy and pisolitic; up to 4m thick, overlain by and associated with gravels of residual origin".

The Department of Agriculture (King & Wells, 1990) mapped the site as "Dwellingup (D2): Gently undulating terrain with well drained, shallow to moderately deep gravelly brownish sands, pale brown sands and earthy sands overlying lateritic duricrust."

Test pitting to between 1.9m and 2.8m at twelve locations focussed on the proposed effluent disposal and drainage areas found a predominantly orange-brown gravelly clay to clay-loam soil profile, which was mostly uniform across the site. Despite the GSWA and DoA mapping, laterite was notably absent from most test pits on the site. Figure 4 shows the test pit locations. Appendix A shows soil logs from the test pits.

The soils observed in the test pits correspond with Soil Category 4 (Clay-Loam) as described in Australian Standard AS1547:2012 and the Government Sewerage Policy.

2.2.3 Acid Sulphate Soils

The site is elevated, with soils formed in-situ. There are no factors that would give rise to acid sulphate soils. No further ASS assessment is considered necessary before development.

2.2.4 Phosphorus Retention Index

The iron-rich soils that occur at the site are expected to have a high to very high PRI and consequently a high capacity to adsorb phosphorus. No PRI testing or soil modification is considered to be necessary.

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2.2.5 Soil Permeability

Constant-head permeability tests were carried out at 0.5m and/or 1m depth at nine locations in and around the proposed effluent disposal and drainage areas. The tests at 0.5m depth gave hydraulic conductivities (Ks) ranging from 0.7m/day to 8m/day, with an average of 3.75m/day and a median of 3.5m/day. The single test at 1m depth showed no measurable infiltration after one hour. Within and near the proposed land application areas for Lot 222, the mean hydraulic conductivity from five tests was 4.24m/day.

The measured Ks values show that the shallow soil profile has adequate permeability for effluent disposal by leach drains or drip irrigation and for infiltration of stormwater. Figure 4 shows the permeability test locations. Appendix B shows the detailed test results.

2.3 Hydrology

2.3.1 Surface Drainage

There is no defined surface drainage on the site. Given the permeable sandy surface soils and leaf litter over most of the site, surface runoff would occur only briefly during and after very heavy rainfall.

The nearest surface drainage feature is a small creek (possibly a drain) that rises west of Hardey Rd about 500m south and downslope of the site.

2.3.2 Groundwater

No shallow groundwater was encountered during the test pitting and none is expected to occur at the site, given the elevation, the generally permeable soil profile and the absence of significant rock or heavy clay.

3.0 ON-SITE EFFLUENT DISPOSAL

3.1 Site Capability

The capability of the site to support on-site effluent disposal has been assessed against the criteria set out in AS1547:2012 and the Government Sewerage Policy 2019. Table 3.1 summarises the criteria and the degree to which they are satisfied by the site.

Table 3.1 On-site Effluent Disposal Capability

Factor (AS1547:2012 or GSP)	Criterion	Site Characteristics	Complies
Lot size	1,000m ² for infill development outside SSAs	Minimum 1,500m ² for each stage	Yes
Slope	<20%	4-9%	Yes
Groundwater depth	>1.5m below discharge point	None detected <2m Expected >6m	Yes
Soil permeability (Ks)	>0.06 m/day	1.7-8 m/day	Yes
Distance from watercourses and significant wetlands	>100m	500m	Yes
Inundation and flooding	Not subject to inundation or flooding in a 10% AEP (1 in 10 year) rainfall event	Not subject to inundation	Yes

Table 3.1 shows that the site meets the requirements of the Government Sewerage Policy for on-site effluent disposal.

3.2 Effluent System Conceptual Design

3.2.1 <u>Treatment and Disposal</u>

Given the favourable site characteristics, effluent disposal may be carried out by means of conventional septic tank/leach drain systems or by secondary treatment systems (e.g. ATU) with either surface or drip irrigation or leach drains.

Septic tank/leach drain systems are the simplest and most economical to install and operate on suitable sites. However, ATU systems (or other systems that produce secondary treated effluent) with leach drains can operate at higher loading rates and therefore require a smaller land application area.

It is proposed that effluent from the shop and childcare centre will be treated by ATU systems in order to minimise the area required for effluent disposal. The meeting hall will be used only on two days per week, which is not well suited to an ATU system. It is therefore proposed that the meeting hall will use a septic system to cope with the intermittent effluent loads.

The treated effluent will be disposed of by flatbed leach drains in a dedicated land application area (LAA) in the north-east corner of each stage (Figure 5).

The surface of the LAAs will be planted with grass and possibly shallow-rooted garden plants to function as both a disposal field and a passive recreation area.

3.2.2 System Sizing

Sizing of the effluent treatment systems has been based on advice from the Mundaring Gospel Trust and the Health Department's *Supplement to Regulation 29 and Schedule 9 – Wastewater System Loading Rates (2021).* The sizing parameters adopted are:

•	Shop	Staff Customers	Population 5 50/day	Effluent rate 70 lpd 10 lpd	Total	Total effluent 350 lpd 500 lpd 850 lpd
•	Hall	Worshippers	Population 50/day	Effluent rate 10 lpd	Total	Total effluent 500 lpd 500 lpd
•	Childcare	Staff Children	Population 10 46	Effluent rate 70 lpd 45 lpd	Total	Total effluent 700 lpd 2,070 lpd 2,770 lpd

The volume of effluent that can be disposed in a land application area depends on the size of the LAA, the quality of the effluent and the permeability of the soil. Australian Standard AS1547:2012 gives recommended Design Loading Rates (DLR) and Design Irrigation Rates (DIR) for leach drains and irrigation systems. The soils at this site correspond to AS1547012 Category 4: High/moderate Structured Clay-Loams (indicative Ks = 0.5 - 1.5 m/day). Australian Standard AS:NZS 1547:2000 *Onsite Domestic Wastewater Management* recommends a Design Loading Rate (DLR) of up to 30 mm/day for secondary-treated effluent in Category 4 soils.

The calculated leach drain and LAA sizings on each of the stages is:

•	Shop	Configuration Leach drain area LAA size (including boundary	2 x 6m end-to-end flatbed leach drains 2.5m width x 13.8m length y and pavement setbacks)
			5.5m width x 16.8m length = $92.4m^2$
•	Hall	Configuration Leach drain area LAA size (including boundary	2 x 7m end-to-end flatbed leach drains 2.5m width x 15.8m length y and pavement setbacks) 5.5m width x 18.8m length = 103.4m ²

Childcare Configuration 2 x 20m parallel flatbed leach drains
 Leach drain area
 LAA size (including boundary and pavement setbacks)

 9.8m width x 23m length = 225.4m²

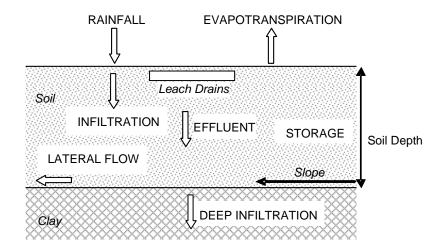
Figure 5 shows the footprints of these land application areas and leach drains in each stage. The layout may be varied at the detailed design stage provided that the minimum sizing and setbacks are maintained. Appendix C shows the detailed sizing calculations.

3.2.3 Site Capacity

The overall site capacity for effluent disposal depends on the ability of the site soils to accept and assimilate effluent without risk of soil saturation, surfacing of effluent or adverse effects on the downstream environment.

The assimilative capacity of the site can be estimated by a site water balance. Effluent disposal will add water to the soil profile over what is naturally input by rainfall. The water balance of the site will consist of inputs (rain and effluent) and outputs (evapotranspiration, storage, deep infiltration and lateral flow). In a steady state, the input and output volumes are equal as per the following equation:

The diagram below illustrates this water balance.



The water balance parameters adopted for the land application areas are shown below. The effluent volumes are based on the site population and effluent generation rates as set out in Section 3.2.2 and Appendix C as follows:

Effluent Volume (L/day)	2,875
Application Area (m ²)	427
Effluent Loading Rate (mm/day)	6.73
Slope	6%
Ks (soil) (m/day)	3.5
Ks (subsoil) (m/day)	0.1
Soil Depth (m)	1
Soil Porosity ¹	46%
Rainfall Recharge Coefficient	100%

¹ stormwater.pca.state.mn.us/index.php/Soil_water_storage_properties

In order for the effluent disposal area to function effectively, the following water balance conditions need to be met:

Long Term (winter)

Effluent + Rainfall - Evapotranspiration < Deep Infiltration + Lateral Flow

Short Term (1 day)

Effluent + Rainfall - Evapotranspiration < Deep Infiltration + Storage

Medium Term (1 week)

Effluent + Rainfall – Evapotranspiration < Deep Infiltration + Lateral Flow.

Appendix D shows the water balance model for the land application areas. The model shows that:

- In both summer and winter under all conditions except 1-day extreme rainfall, deep infiltration capacity will exceed net water loading (effluent plus rainfall minus evaporation), so no lateral flow or change in soil storage will occur.
- Under short-term extreme rainfall (139 mm in one day, equivalent to January 2018), net water loading will marginally exceed deep infiltration capacity. The excess will be stored in the soil profile or removed by lateral flow, with the remainder removed by deep infiltration over the following day.
- Under all conditions, the combination of evapotranspiration, deep infiltration, soil storage and lateral flow is sufficient to ensure that no saturation of the soil profile or surfacing of effluent will occur.

4.0 DRAINAGE

Runoff from the three development stages will be captured in bioretention basins located in the south-east corner of each stage, as shown on Figure 5. Permeability testing at five sites in the vicinity of the proposed basins returned permeabilities ranging from 1.7m/day to 8m/day, with a mean of 4.24m/day and a median of 4.85m/day. For design purposes a permeability of 2m/day has been adopted. The areas of buildings, car parks and soft surfaces (open space, play areas and land application areas) are taken as shown on the proposed development plan (Figure 1).

In accordance with current DWER protocols, the basins have been sized to capture and infiltrate all runoff from a 15mm 1-year storm and to detain and compensate the flow from critical storms up to 100-year ARI (1% AEP), releasing it at no more than predevelopment rates. Table 4.1 shows the preliminary runoff calculations and basin sizing.

Table 4.1	Preliminary	/ Basin Sizing
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Stage	Area (m²)	Runoff (L/sec) ¹		Storage	Water Depth (m)
Event		Pre Dev	Post Dev	Required (m³)	
Shop	2,050				
15mm 1hr		-	5.42	19.5	0.5
5 yr 5 min		10.2	38.3	6.2	0.24
100 yr 5 min		27.2	75.2	9.2	0.3
Hall	1,500				
15mm 1hr		-	2.79	10.0	0.5
5 yr 5 min		7.5	21.9	2.8	0.26
100 yr 5 min		19.9	44.4	4.1	0.3
Childcare	2,350				
15mm 1hr		-	3.72	13.4	0.5
5 yr 5 min		11.7	30.8	3.6	0.24
100 yr 5 min		31.2	63.1	4.8	0.27

^{1.} Due to the small areas and short runoff paths, the critical storm duration for 5-year and 100-year storms is very short, in the order of three minutes. For design purposes, the critical storm duration has been conservatively taken as five minutes, which gives a larger required storage volume.

Runoff from larger or longer-duration storms will overflow the basins via a pipeline on the eastern boundary of Lot 222 into the adjacent Lot 221, in line with the existing flow paths. The sizing of the basins will ensure that the rate of overflow will be no greater than before development. The outflow from the pipe will be suitably protected to prevent erosion and scouring.

Calculations using the Rational Method (Institute of Engineers Australia, 1987) and a modified Copas equation show that:

- The basins have capacity to retain and infiltrate all runoff from a 15mm ARI 1-hour storm, with a maximum depth of water in the basins of 0.5m and a residence time of about six hours.
- The basins have capacity to capture and infiltrate all runoff from a critical (5-minute)
 5-year ARI (20% AEP) storm, with a maximum water depth of 0.26m and a residence time of about three hours.
- The basins have capacity to capture and compensate the runoff from a critical (5-minute) 100-year ARI (1% AEP) storm, with a water depth of 0.3m and a residence time of about 3.5 hours.

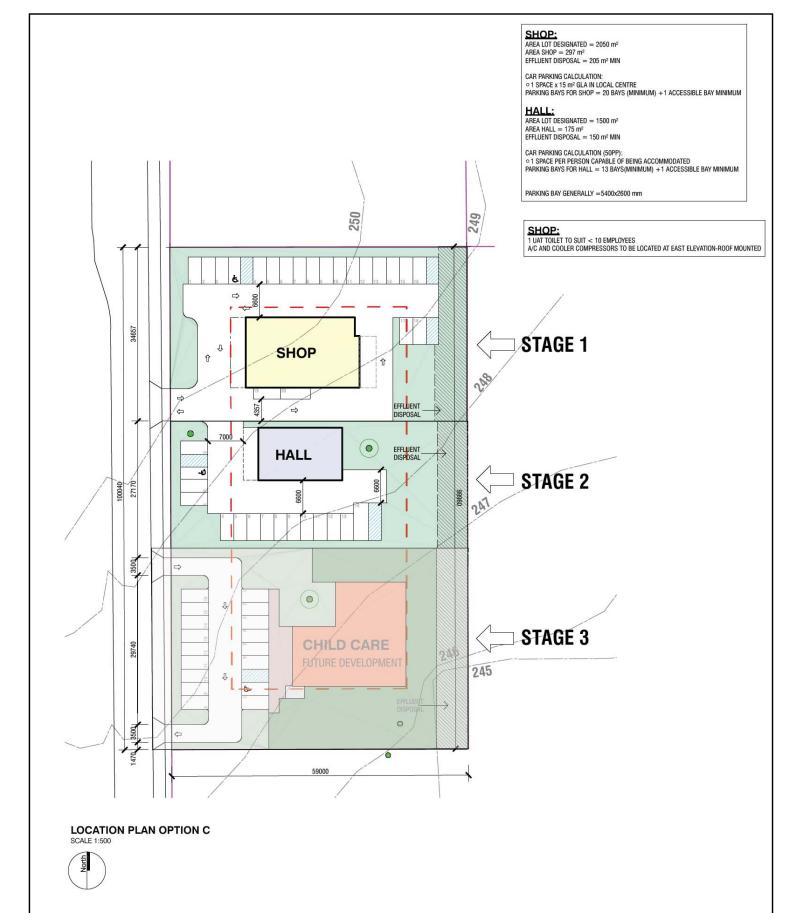
Appendix E shows the runoff and basin sizing calculations. The calculations and basin dimensions shown are preliminary and will be subject to detailed design prior to construction.

5.0 REFERENCES

- Institute of Engineers, Australia (1987). *Australian Rainfall and Runoff: A Guide to Flood Estimation.* Institute of Engineers, Australia, Barton, ACT.
- King P.D. and Wells M.R. (1990). *Darling Range Rural Land Capability Study*. Land Resources Series No. 3. Department of Agriculture, South Perth.
- Smurthwaite A.J. (1986). 1:50,000 Environmental Geology Series: Mundaring Part Sheets 2134 II & 2134 III. Geological Survey of Western Australia, Perth.

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Figures



All dimensions on plan, new & existing, are nominal and to be checked on site prior to commencement of work or placing of orders. Any discrepancies on drawings to be reported to Designer immediately. Designer accepts no responsibility for expenses or costs incurred due to failure to comply with tens show. All work to comply with Break show. All work to comply with Break show. All work to comply with BCA, Australian Standards and Local Government Authorities and to good building practice. Use figured dimensions in preference to scaled dimensions. All materiats, lixtures, fittings and building components to be supplied and installed in accordance with manufacturer's specifications & details, all work to be carried out by qualified building tradesmen and under the supervision of a qualified Building Supervisor.



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MUNDARING GOSPEL TRUST 7 HARDEY ROAD,

GLEN FORREST LOCATION PLAN OPT C

PROJECT No	10650923		
DESIGNED DS	CHECKED	DWG N°	REV
SHEET SIZE A3	DATE 9/11/2023	A 1.0	5



Figure 2



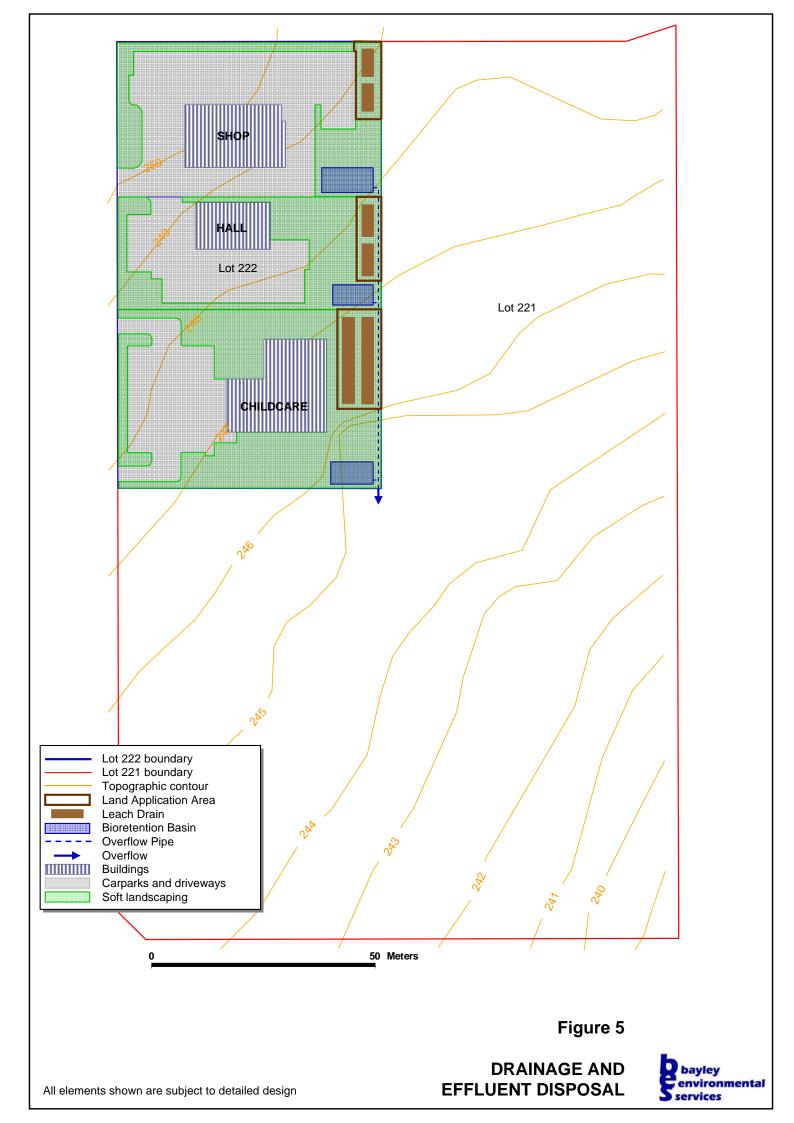


Lot 221 boundary
Lot 222 boundary
Topographic contour
BES test pit
BES permeability test
Structerre test pit
Structerre permeability test

Figure 4







Appendix A

Soil Logs

PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT1
EASTING:	415427
NORTHING:	6469863
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.5
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.1	Dark grey-brown topsoil		
0.1 - 0.7	Orange-brown gravelly loam		
0.7 - 2.5	Orange/red mottled well structured loamy clay with occasional lateritic stones		





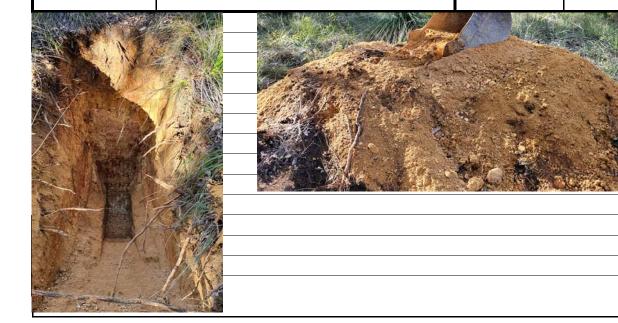
PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT2
EASTING:	415421
NORTHING:	6469855
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.5
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.2	Dark grey-brown topsoil		
0.2 - 0.7	Pale yellow-brown gravelly loam		
0.7 - 1.0	Orange clay-loam		
1.0 - 2.5	Pale yellow-brown well structured loamy clay with orange, red & white mottles		



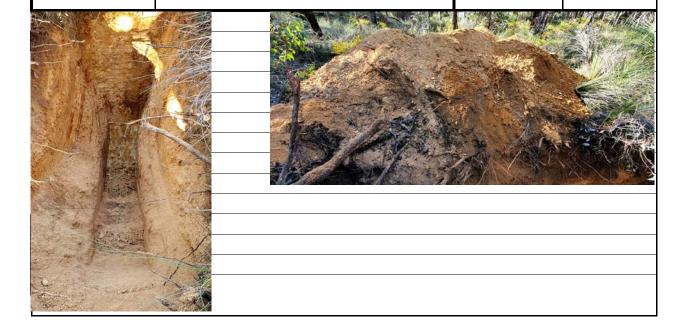
PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT3
EASTING:	415414
NORTHING:	6469867
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.5
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.15	Dark grey-brown topsoil		
0.15 - 0.5	Yellow-brown slightly gravelly loam		
0.5 - 1.0	Orange clay-loam		
1.0 - 2.5	Pale orange-yellow loamy clay with red & white mottles		



PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT4
EASTING:	415403
NORTHING:	6469857
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.5
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.15	Dark grey-brown gravelly topsoil		
0.15 - 0.6	Yellow-brown gravelly loam		
0.6 - 0.9	Orange loamy clay		
0.9 - 2.5	Pale yellow-brown well-structured clay-loam with orange, red & white mottles		



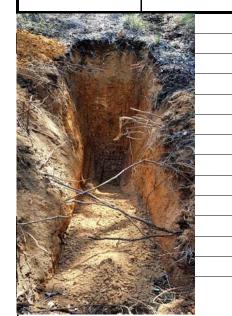
PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT5
EASTING:	415383
NORTHING:	6469855
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.8
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.1	Dark grey-brown topsoil		
0.1 - 0.6	Yellow-brown gravelly loam		
0.6 - 1.4	Orange clay-loam, slightly mottled		
1.4 - 2.8	Pale yellow-brown loamy clay, well structured with orange, white & red mottles		



PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT6
EASTING:	415356
NORTHING:	6469862
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.5
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.15	Dark grey-brown gravelly topsoil		
0.15 - 0.6	Pale yellow-brown gravelly loam with occasional laterite cobbles to 200mm		
0.6 - 1.8	Orange gravelly loamy clay with red mottles		
1.8 - 2.5	Pale yellow-brown loamy clay with red, white & orange mottles		





PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT7
EASTING:	415369
NORTHING:	6469851
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.5
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.15	Dark grey-brown topsoil		
0.15 - 1.0	Pale yellow-brown gravelly loam with occasional laterite cobbles to 300mm		
1.0 - 2.5	Orange loamy clay with red & white mottles		



PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT8
EASTING:	415358
NORTHING:	6469783
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.5
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

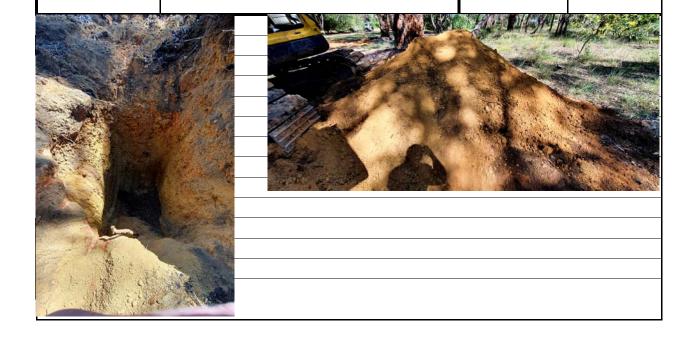
SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.1	Dark brown topsoil		
0.1 - 0.6	Brown gravelly loam		
0.6 - 1.9	Orange gravelly loamy clay with occasional red mottles		
1.9 - 2.5	Pale yellow-brown loamy clay with occasional red mottles		





PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT9
EASTING:	415361
NORTHING:	6469797
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.8
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.15	Dark grey-brown topsoil with laterite outcrop at surface		
0.15 - 0.8	Pale yellow-brown gravelly loam with frequent large laterite boulders to 1m		
0.8 - 2.8	Orange-brown gravelly clay-loam, well structured with occasional white mottles		



PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT10
EASTING:	415423
NORTHING:	6469690
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.1
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.15	Dark grey-brown topsoil		
0.15 - 0.6	Yellow-brown sandy, slightly gravelly loam		
0.6 - 1.4	Orange gravelly clay-loam		
1.4 - 2.1	Pale yellow-brown sandy to loamy clay with red & white mottles		





PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT11
EASTING:	415438
NORTHING:	6469681
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	1.9
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

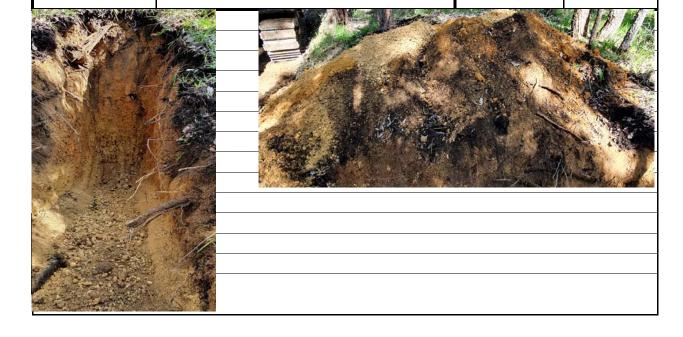
SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.2	Dark grey-brown topsoil		
0.2 - 0.6	Yellow-brown gravelly loam		
0.6 - 1.3	Orange slightly mottled loamy clay		
1.3 - 1.9	Pale yellow-brown loamy clay with red & white mottles.		





PROJECT NUMBER:	J20006
SITE ID:	GT12
EASTING:	415425
NORTHING:	6469699
METHOD:	8t excavator
TOTAL DEPTH (mbgl):	2.0
REFUSAL (Y/N):	N
DATE:	24/08/2021
DEPTH TO WATER (mbgl)	-

SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLE DATA	
DEPTH (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE ID	INTERVAL (m)
0 - 0.2	Grey-brown topsoil		
0.2 - 0.8	Pale yellow-brown gravelly loam		
0.8 - 1.5	Orange clay-loam with occasional red mottles		
1.5 - 2.0	Red, white & orange mottled well structured loamy clay		





ROJECT No: D221884 JOB No: J331254-Rev 2

PROJECT ADDRESS: Lot 20 Hardey Road, Glen Forest

CLIENT: Midland Project Management Pty Ltd

Appendix A: Soil profiles



Project Lot 20 Hardey Street, Glen Forrest

Test No.

BH01

Client

Project No.	D221884	Logged By	Luke Young	Machine	Soil Retrieval Probe	Easting
Job No.	J331254	Date	20/08/2019	Hole Dia.	65mm	Northing

Depth Gra	hic Stratum Description	Consistency	Sam	ples	Moisture	Water Level
			Depth	Type	Mc	V
	Topsoil: SC: Clayey SAND: fine to medium grained, low plasticity, trace gravel, brown	MD	05.40	т	М	
1 - 2	CH: Sandy CLAY: low plasticity, trace gravel, brown	0.5 - 1.0 VSt		•	D to M	
2 -	Terminated at 1.10 m					

Remarks

1. Termination reason: Refusal - interpreted on stiff clay

Hole stability: Hole stable
 Samples taken: As indicated

4. Co-ordinate system: WGS 84



ROJECT No: D221884 JOB No: J331254-Rev 2

PROJECT ADDRESS: Lot 20 Hardey Road, Glen Forest

CLIENT: Midland Project Management Pty Ltd



Project Lot 20 Hardey Street, Glen Forrest

Test No. BH02

Client

Project No.D221884Logged ByLuke YoungMachineSoil Retrieval ProbeEastingJob No.J331254Date20/08/2019Hole Dia.65mmNorthing

Depth	Graphic	Stratum Description	Consistency		nples sion		Water
	<u> </u>			Depth	Type	Mc	> _
-		Topsoil: CH: Sandy CLAY: low plasticity, trace gravel, brown	VSt			D to M	
_		Terminated at 0.50 m		1			
2-							
3 —							

- 1. Termination reason: Refusal interpreted on stiff clay
- 2. Hole stability: Hole stable
- 3. Samples taken: None
- 4. Co-ordinate system: WGS 84



consulting

ROJECT No: D221884 JOB No: J331254-Rev 2

PROJECT ADDRESS: Lot 20 Hardey Road, Glen Forest

CLIENT: Midland Project Management Pty Ltd



Project Lot 20 Hardey Street, Glen Forrest

Test No. BH03

Project No.D221884Logged By Luke YoungMachineSoil Retrieval ProbeEastingJob No.J331254Date20/08/2019Hole Dia.65mmNorthing

Client

Depth	Graphic	Stratum Description	Consistency	Sam	nples	Moisture	Water Level
				Depth	Type	Mo	> _
-		Topsoil: SC: Clayey SAND: fine to medium grained, low plasticity, with gravel, brown	- L-MD	0.2 - 0.7	Т		
-		Terminated at 0.70 m	D				
]						
1 -							
-	1 I						
3-							

- 1. Termination reason: Refusal interpreted on stiff clay
- 2. Hole stability: Hole stable
- 3. Samples taken: As indicated
- 4. Co-ordinate system: WGS 84



RUCterre consulting

ROJECT No: D221884 JOB No: J331254-Rev 2

Test No.

PROJECT ADDRESS: Lot 20 Hardey Road, Glen Forest

CLIENT: Midland Project Management Pty Ltd



Project Lot 20 Hardey Street, Glen Forrest

BH04

Client

Project No.D221884Logged ByLuke YoungMachineSoil Retrieval ProbeEastingJob No.J331254Date20/08/2019Hole Dia.65mmNorthing

Depth Graphic		Stratum Description	Consistency	San	Samples		Water Level
	0///20///20/			Depth	Type	Moisture	^ -
-	-	Topsoil: SC: Clayey SAND: fine to medium grained, low plasticity, brown	L-MD				
1 -		CH: Sandy CLAY: low plasticity, brown CH: Sandy CLAY: low plasticity, trace gravel, pale brown	F	1.5 - 2.5	т	М	
2		Terminated at 2.50 m				D to M	

- 1. Termination reason: Target depth
- 2. Hole stability: Hole stable
- 3. Samples taken: As indicated
- 4. Co-ordinate system: WGS 84



PROJECT ADDRESS: Lot 20 Hardey Road, Glen Forest
CLIENT: Midland Project Management Pty Ltd





Project Lot 20 Hardey Street, Glen Forrest

Client

Test No. BH05

Project No.	D221884	Logged By	Luke Young	Machine	Soil Retrieval Probe	Easting
Job No.	J331254	Date	20/08/2019	Hole Dia.	65mm	Northing

Depth	Graphic	Stratum Description	Consistency	San	Type W		Water Level
·	·			Depth	Type	Moi	8 3
		Topsoil: SC: Clayey SAND: low plasticity, with gravel, brown (Laterite) GP: Sandy GRAVEL: low plasticity, with clay, brown					
1-		(Laterite)	L-MD				
2		Terminated at 2.50 m				D to M	

- 1. Termination reason: Target depth
- 2. Hole stability: Hole stable
- 3. Samples taken: None
- 4. Co-ordinate system: WGS 84



STRUC*terre* consulting

ROJECT No: D221884 JOB No: J331254-Rev 2

Test No.

PROJECT ADDRESS: Lot 20 Hardey Road, Glen Forest

CLIENT: Midland Project Management Pty Ltd



Project Lot 20 Hardey Street, Glen Forrest

Client

BH06

Project No.D221884Logged ByLuke YoungMachineSoil Retrieval ProbeEastingJob No.J331254Date20/08/2019Hole Dia.65mmNorthing

Depth	Graphic	Stratum Description	Consistency	San	nples	Moisture	Water
				Depth	Type	Mo	5 -
2		Topsoil: SC: Clayey SAND: low plasticity, with gravel, brown (Laterite) GP: Sandy GRAVEL: low plasticity, with clay, brown (Laterite) Terminated at 2.50 m	L-MD	Depth		₩ D to M	

- 1. Termination reason: Target depth
- 2. Hole stability: Hole stable
- 3. Samples taken: None
- 4. Co-ordinate system: WGS 84



cterre consulting

ROJECT No: D221884 JOB No: J331254-Rev 2

PROJECT ADDRESS: Lot 20 Hardey Road, Glen Forest

CLIENT: Midland Project Management Pty Ltd



Project Lot 20 Hardey Street, Glen Forrest

Client

BH07

Test No.

Project No.D221884Logged ByLuke YoungMachineSoil Retrieval ProbeEastingJob No.J331254Date20/08/2019Hole Dia.65mmNorthing

Depth Graphic		Stratum Description	Consistency	San	nples	Moisture	Water
Dop	Ciupino			Depth	Type	Moi	اد ≶
		SC: Clayey SAND: fine to medium grained, low plasticity, trace silt, brown (Laterite)	L				
1-			MD - D			M to W	
3-		Terminated at 2.10 m				D to W	

Remarks

Termination reason: Target depth

- 2. Hole stability:
- 3. Samples taken: None
- 4. Co-ordinate system: WGS 84

Appendix B

Permeability Test Results

 Site No.
 GI1

 Date
 14/09/21

 Easting
 415425

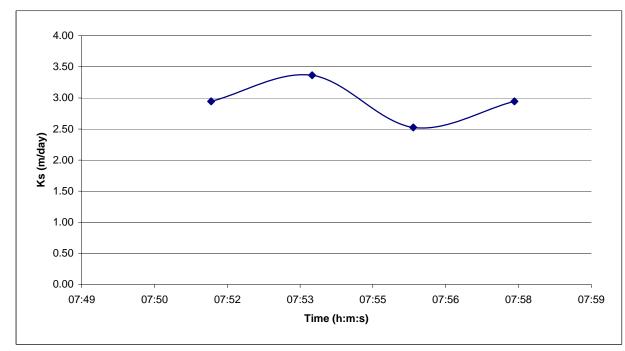
 Northing
 6469863

 Depth
 0.5

		Change in	
Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)

		41.6	07:50:00
2.94	0.7	40.9	07:52:00
3.37	0.8	40.1	07:54:00
2.52	0.6	39.5	07:56:00
2.94	0.7	38.8	07:58:00
	38.8		





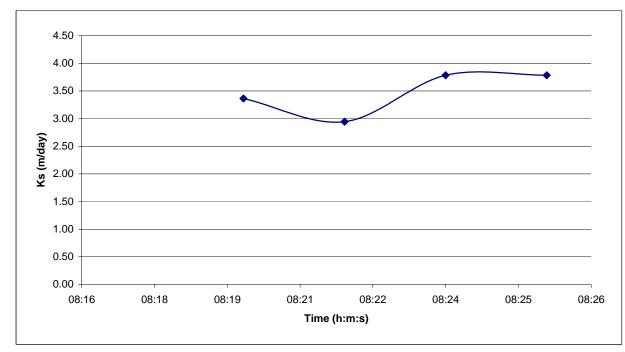
Ks = 3 m/day

	GI2
Date	14/09/21
Easting	415405
Northing	6469860
Depth	0.5

		Change in			
Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)		

		35.1	08:18:00
3.37	0.8	34.3	08:20:00
2.94	0.7	33.6	08:22:00
3.79	0.9	32.7	08:24:00
3.79	0.9	31.8	08:26:00
	31.8		





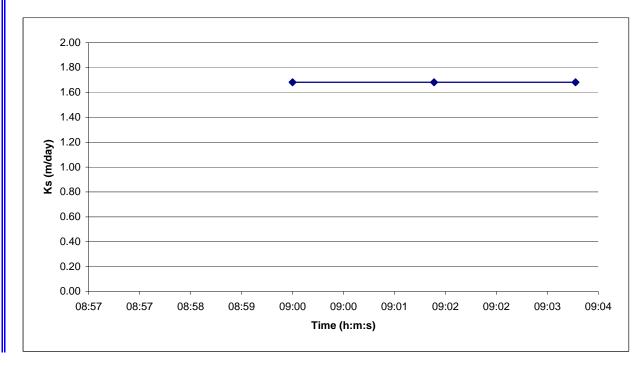
Ks = 3.5 m/day

	GI3
Date	14/09/21
•	415382
Northing	6469859
Depth	0.5

	Change in		
Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)

,		5 (5)	110 (111.51)
08:58:00	25.1		
09:00:00	24.7	0.4	1.68
09:02:00	24.3	0.4	1.68
09:04:00	23.9	0.4	1.68
		23.9	

H =	25
r =	4.5



Ks = 1.7 m/day

 Site No.
 GI4

 Date
 14/09/21

 Easting
 415363

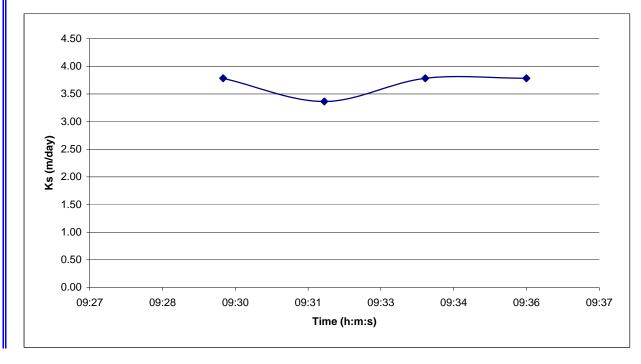
 Northing
 6469865

 Depth
 0.5

		Change in			
Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)		

09:28:00	21.3		
09:30:00	20.4	0.9	3.79
09:32:00	19.6	0.8	3.37
09:34:00	18.7	0.9	3.79
09:36:00	17.8	0.9	3.79
		17.8	

H =	25
r =	4.5



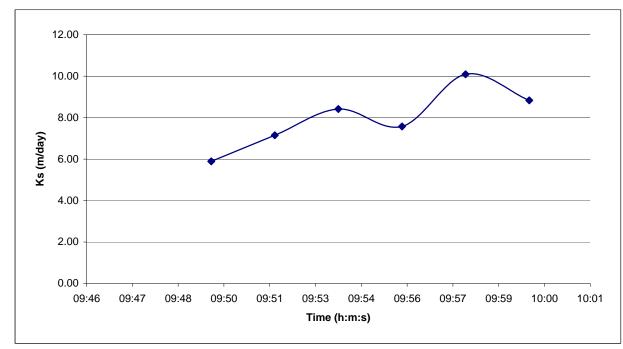
Ks = 3.7 m/day

Site No.	GI5
Date	14/09/21
Easting	415364
Northing	6469852
Depth	0.5

	Change in				
Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)		

		43	09:48:00
5.89	1.4	41.6	09:50:00
7.15	1.7	39.9	09:52:00
8.41	2	37.9	09:54:00
7.57	1.8	36.1	09:56:00
10.10	2.4	33.7	09:58:00
8.83	2.1	31.6	10:00:00
	31.6		





 Site No.
 GI6

 Date
 14/09/21

 Easting
 415359

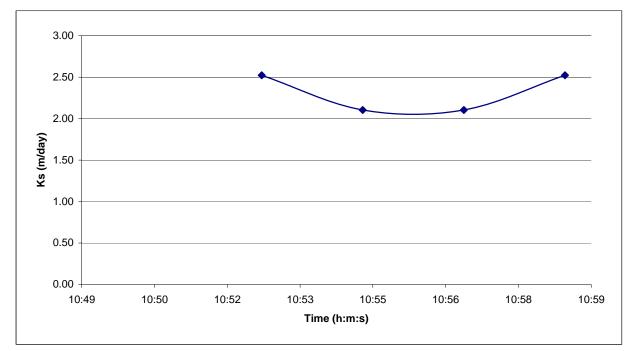
 Northing
 6469795

 Depth
 0.4

		Change in	
Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)

		27.4	10:51:00
2.52	0.6	26.8	10:53:00
2.10	0.5	26.3	10:55:00
2.10	0.5	25.8	10:57:00
2.52	0.6	25.2	10:59:00
	25.2		





Ks = 2.3 m/day

Site No.	GI7
Date	14/09/21
9	415425
Northing	6469711
Depth	0.4

Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Change in Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)	
11:57:00	20.6			
11:59:00	19	1.6	6.26	H = 25
12:01:00	17.5	1.5	5.87	r = 5
12:03:00	16.2	1.3	5.09	
12:05:00	14.6	1.6	6.26	
12:07:00	13.3	1.3	5.09	
		13.3		7.00
				6.00
				5.00
				(hg) 4.00
				(M) (a) (b) (a) (b) (a) (b) (b) (c) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (e) (e) (e) (f) (f)
				2.00
				1.00
				0.00
				Time (h:m:s)

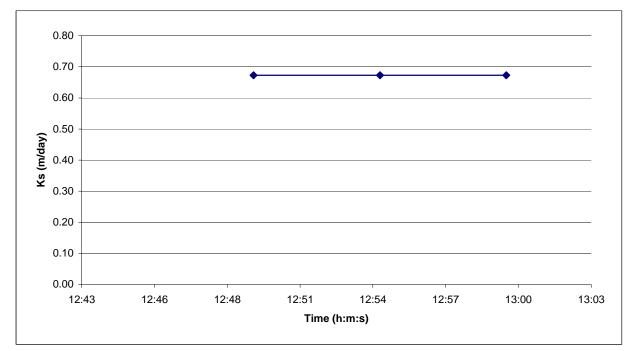
Ks = 5.5 m/day

	GI8
	14/09/21
Easting	415423
Northing	6469693
Depth	1

		Change in	
Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)

12:45:0	00 40.8		
12:50:0	40.4	0.4	0.67
12:55:0	00 40	0.4	0.67
13:00:0	39.6	0.4	0.67
		39.6	
	II I		





Ks = 0.7 m/day

 Site No.
 GI9s

 Date
 14/09/21

 Easting
 415423

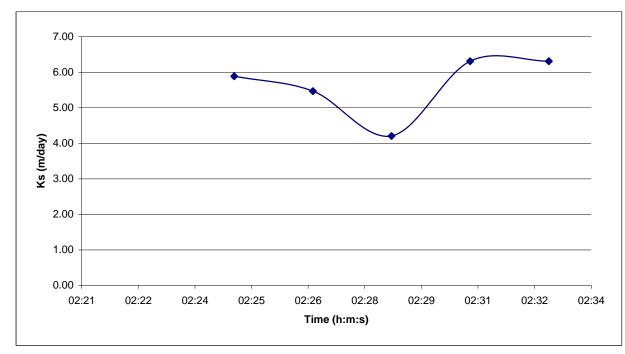
 Northing
 6469690

 Depth
 0.5

		Change in	
Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)

		25	02:23:00
5.89	1.4	23.6	02:25:00
5.47	1.3	22.3	02:27:00
4.21	1	21.3	02:29:00
6.31	1.5	19.8	02:31:00
6.31	1.5	18.3	02:33:00
	18.3		





Ks = 5.5 m/day

	GI9d
Date	14/09/21
0	415423
Northing	6469690
Depth	1

Time (h:m:s)	Weight (kg)	Change in Weight (kg)	Ks (m/d)	
01:15:00	35			
02:15:00	35	35		H = 25 r = 4.5
				1.00
				0.90
				0.80
				0.70
				≥ 0.60
				0.60 0.50 X 0.40
				9 0.40
				0.30
				0.20
				0.10
				0.00 00:14 00:28 00:43 00:57 01:12 01:26 01:40 01:55 02:09 02:24 Time (h:m:s)

Ks = 0 m/day

Appendix C

Effluent Generation and System Sizing

EFFLUENT GENERATION AND SYSTEM SIZING - SHOP

EFFLUENT GENERATION AND STSTEM SIZING - SHOP	Population	Effluent lpd			(,	
Staff Customers	3 20 0	70 10			21(200)	
Daily flow Total site area	0.205 ha				410)	=R 3.7037
SEPTIC TANK SIZING Reserve capacity Daily flow Total capacity					1820 410 2230)	
FLATBED LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH SEPTIC DLR Infiltrative area required Leach drain infiltrative width Leach drain external width Effluent per m	15 mm/day 27.3 m2 2.4 m 2.5 m 36 litres/day				IRRIGATION AR DIR Area required	REA SIZ	ZING 3.5 mm/day 117 m2
Length of LD required Total width - parallel (including boundary setbacks) Total area - parallel (including boundary setbacks)	11 m (10.4 m 97 m2	0.9 x	12.5 m or	2	x	5.7	m)
FLATBED LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH ATU DLR Infiltrative area required Leach drain infiltrative width Leach drain external width Effluent per m Length of LD required Total width - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks) Total area - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks)	30 mm/day 13.7 m2 2.4 m 2.5 m 72 litres/day 6 m (6.8 m 19 m2	1.0 x	10 m or	2.0	x	2.8	m)
CONVENTIONAL LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH SEPTIC DLR Infiltrative area required Leach drain infiltrative width Leach drain external width Effluent per m Length of LD required Total width - parallel (including boundary setbacks) Total area - parallel (including boundary setbacks)	15 mm/day 27.3 m2 0.4 m 0.6 m 6 litres/day 68 m (16.2 m 233 m2	5.5 x	12.5 m or	6.0	x	11.4	m)
CONVENTIONAL LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH ATU DLR Infiltrative area required Leach drain infiltrative width Leach drain external width Effluent per m Length of LD required Total width - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks) Total area - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks)	30 mm/day 13.7 m2 0.4 m 0.6 m 12 litres/day 34 m (3.0 m 51 m2	2.7 x	12.5 m or	2.0	x	17.1	m)

EFFLUENT GENERATION AND SYSTEM SIZING - HALL

EFFLUENT GENERATION AND STSTEM SIZING - HALL	Population	Effluent lp	d		0	
Occupants	50 0	1	0		0 500 0	
Daily flow Total site area	0.15 ha				500	=R 6.1728
SEPTIC TANK SIZING Reserve capacity Daily flow					1820 500	
Total capacity				:	2320	
FLATBED LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH SEPTIC				IRRIGATION	I AREA SI	
DLR Infiltrative area required Leach drain infiltrative width Leach drain external width	15 mm/day 33.3 m2 2.4 m 2.5 m			DIR Area require	d	3.5 mm/day 143 m2
Effluent per m Length of LD required Total width - parallel (including boundary setbacks)	36 litres/day 14 m (10.4 m	1.1 x	12.5 m or	2 x	6.9	m)
Total area - parallel (including boundary setbacks)	110 m2					
FLATBED LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH ATU DLR Infiltrative area required Leach drain infiltrative width Leach drain external width	30 mm/day 16.7 m2 2.4 m 2.5 m					
Effluent per m Length of LD required Total width - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks) Total area - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks)	72 litres/day 7 m (6.8 m 24 m2	1.0 x	10 m or	2.0 x	3.5	m)
CONVENTIONAL LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH SEPTIC						
DLR Infiltrative area required Leach drain infiltrative width Leach drain external width Effluent per m Length of LD required Total width - parallel (including boundary setbacks) Total area - parallel (including boundary setbacks)	15 mm/day 33.3 m2 0.4 m 0.6 m 6 litres/day 83 m (16.2 m 274 m2	6.7 x	12.5 m or	6.0 x	13.9	m)
CONVENTIONAL LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH ATU DLR Infiltrative area required Leach drain infiltrative width Leach drain external width Effluent per m Length of LD required	30 mm/day 16.7 m2 0.4 m 0.6 m 12 litres/day 42 m	3.3 x	12.5 m or	2.0 x	20.8	m)
Total width - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks) Total area - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks)	3.0 m 63 m2	0.0 A	.2.0 111 01		20.0	,

EFFLUENT GENERATION AND SYSTEM SIZING - CHILDCARE

EFFLUENT GENERATION AND SYSTEM SIZING - CHILDCARE	Population	Effli	uent lpd					
	i opulation	Line	ient ipu				0	
Children	46		45			207	0	
Staff	10		70			70	00	
	0						0	
Daily flow						277	0	=R 21.828
Total site area	0.235 ha							
SEPTIC TANK SIZING								
Reserve capacity						182	20	
Daily flow						277		
Total capacity						459	00	
FLATBED LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH SEPTIC						IRRIGATION A	REA SI	
DLR	15 mm/day					DIR		3.5 mm/day
Infiltrative area required	184.7 m2					Area required		791 m2
Leach drain infiltrative width	2.4 m							
Leach drain external width	2.5 m							
Effluent per m	36.0 litres/day	6.2	.,	12.5 m or	2	x	38.5	
Length of LD required	77 m (6.2	X	12.5 111 01	2	Х	38.5	m)
Total width - parallel (including boundary setbacks)	10.4 m							
Total area - parallel (including boundary setbacks)	438 m2							
FLATBED LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH ATU								
DLR	30 mm/day							
Infiltrative area required	92.3 m2							
Leach drain infiltrative width	2.4 m							
Leach drain external width	2.5 m							
Effluent per m	72.0 litres/day							
Length of LD required	38 m (4.0	Х	10 m or	2.0	X	19.2	m)
Total width - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks)	6.8 m							
Total area - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks)	131 m2							
CONVENTIONAL LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH SEPTIC								
DLR	15 mm/day							
Infiltrative area required	184.7 m2							
Leach drain infiltrative width	0.4 m							
Leach drain external width	0.6 m							
Effluent per m	6.0 litres/day							
Length of LD required	462 m (36.9	Х	12.5 m or	6.0	X	76.9	m)
Total width - parallel (including boundary setbacks)	16.2 m							
Total area - parallel (including boundary setbacks)	1295 m2							
CONVENTIONAL LEACH DRAIN SIZING - WITH ATU								
DLR	30 mm/day							
Infiltrative area required	92.3 m2							
Leach drain infiltrative width	0.4 m							
Leach drain external width	0.6 m							
Effluent per m	12.0 litres/day							
Length of LD required	231 m (18.5	х	12.5 m or	2.0	X	115.4	l m)
Total width - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks)	3.0 m							•
Total area - parallel (excluding boundary setbacks)	346 m2							
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								

Appendix D

Water Balance

WATER BALANCE

Parameters	Water Balance Calculations

Irrigation area =	427 m2	Summer	Rain + effluent - evap =	-0.32
Winter rain (May-Sep) =	0.846 m	(Dec-Mar)	Deep inf capacity =	12.13
Summer rain (Oct-Apr) =	0.248 m			
1-day rain (Jan 2018) =	0.139 m	Winter	Rain + effluent - evap =	1.53
7-day rain =	0.139 m	(May-Sep)	Deep inf capacity =	15.30
Winter evap (May-Sep) =	0.345 m		Lat flow =	16.83
1-day evap (Jan) =	0.0084 m			
7-day evap (winter) =	0.0158 m	1-day	Rain + effluent - evap =	0.14
, , ,		extreme	Deep inf capacity =	0.10
Summer extreme rain (Nov 2020) =	0.169 m/month	(Nov 2020)		0.46
Winter extreme rain (July 2021) =	0.459 m/month	` ,	Lat flow capacity =	0.11
Summer evap (Oct-Apr) =	1.381 m		DI + Storage =	0.56
November evap =	0.195 m		DI + Storage + Lat flow =	0.77
July evap =	0.053 m		9	
Slope =	0.06	7-day	Rain + effluent - evap =	0.17
Ksoil =	3.5 m/day (average measured value)	extreme	Deep inf capacity =	0.70
Ksubsoil (summer) =	0.1 m/day (nominal)	(winter)	Storage capacity =	0.46
Ksubsoil (winter) =	0.1 m/day	,	Lat flow capacity =	0.77
Effluent Volume =	2.875 m3/day		DI + Storage =	1.16
Soil depth =	1 m		DI + storage + lat flow =	2.63
Soil porosity =	0.46		ğ	
Rainfall recharge coefficient =	100 %	Summer	Rain + effluent - evap =	0.18
G		extreme	Deep inf capacity =	3.10
		(Nov 2020)	Lat flow capacity =	2.83
Notes		(/	,	
Rainfall data are from Bickley		Winter	Rain + effluent - evap =	0.61
Evaporation data are from Medina		extreme	Deep inf capacity =	3.10
,		(July 2021)	Lat flow capacity =	3.20
		(==)	DI + lat flow =	9.30
			*** *** ***	

Appendix E

Runoff Calculations

1 YEAR ARI 1 HOUR FLOWS - POST DEVELOPMENT

Raii	nfall Intensity i (mm/h)	15	Minor stor
Cr F	Roof	0.95	
Cr (Carpark	0.8	
Cr (os	0	
Cr E	Basin	1	
Per	meability k (m/hr)	0.0833	

Catchment	Roof	Carpark	os	Basin	Total	Ai	Q (L/s)	Vinflow (m3)
Shop	313	1175	499	63	2050	1301	5.42	19.5
Hall	175	577	708	41	1500	668	2.79	10.0
Childcare	394	588	1321	48	2350	892	3.72	13.4

Basin	Sizing	
Dasiii	Oizing	

3	Storm Event	Depth	Side Slopes (1:x)	No. Basins	Base Width	Base Length	Top Width (m)	Top Length (m)	Volume	Effective	Surface Area (m2)	Volume check	5yr Volume check	100yr Volume
										Volume				check
Shop	15mm	0.5	4	1	1.5	7.5	5.5	11.5	16.9	19.7	63	ok	ok	ok
Hall	15mm	0.5	4	1	0.5	5	4.5	9.0	8.8	10.3	41	ok	ok	ok
Childcare	15mm	0.5	4	1	1	5.5	5.0	9.5	11.5	13.4	48	ok	ok	ok

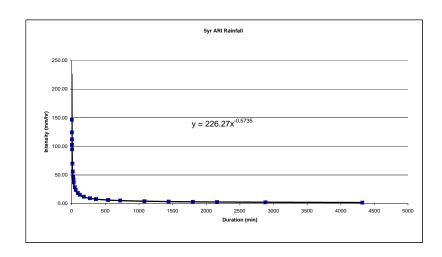
5 YEAR ARI CRITICAL FLOWS - PRE & POST DEVELOPMENT

						EFFECTIV	/E AREAS											CRITICAL]							1
CATCHMENT		ARI	EAS (m2)			(n	12)	TIME OF	CONCENT	RATION P	RE DEVEL	OPMENT	TIME OF	CONCENT	RATION PO	ST-DEVE	LOPMENT	INTENSIT	Y (mm/h)		FLOW				STORAGE		
	Roof	Carpark	os	Basin	Total	Pre	Post	Longest	RL Top	RL	Slope	TC (mln)	Longest	RL Top	RL	Slope	TC (mln)	Pre-Dev	Post-Dev	Pre Dev	Post Dev	Total	Storage	Effective	Volume	Water	Overflow
								Path (m)	(mAHD)	Bottom	(m/km)		Path (m)	(mAHD)	Bottom							Flow	Req (m3)	Storage	Check	Depth (m)	(m3)
										(mAHD)					(mAHD)							(m3)		(m3)			
Shop	313	1175	499	63	2050	410	1534	55	250.5	248.5	36.36	5.0	55	250.5	248.5	36.36	5.0	89.9	89.9	10.24	38.30	11.49	6.17	17.10	ok	0.24	0.00
Hall	175	577	708	41	1500	300	876	52	250.5	247.5	57.69	5.0	52	250.5	247.5	57.69	5.0	89.9	89.9	7.49	21.87	6.56	2.84	8.97	ok	0.26	0.00
Childcare	394	588	1321	48	2350	470	1234	59	250.5	245.8	79.66	5.0	59	250.5	245.8	79.66	5.0	89.9	89.9	11.74	30.83	9.25	3.55	11.69	ok	0.24	0.00

Runoff Coefficients	Pre-Dev	Post-Dev
Cr Roof	0.2	1
Cr Carpark	0.2	0.9
Cr OS	0.2	0.2
Cr Basin	0.2	1

Rainfall IFD

Rainfall IFD			
Event	Duration	Intensity	Event
	(mins)	(mm/hr)	Rainfall
			(mm)
1 min	1	146.40	2.44
2 min	2	124.20	4.14
3 min	3	112.00	5.6
4 min	4	102.45	6.83
5 min	5	94.68	7.89
10 min	10	69.60	11.6
15 min	15	56.00	14
20 min	20	47.40	15.8
25 min	25	41.52	17.3
30 min	30	37.00	18.5
45 min	45	28.53	21.4
1 hr	60	23.80	23.8
1.5 hr	90	18.33	27.5
2 hr	120	15.30	30.6
3 hr	180	11.90	35.7
4.5 hr	270	9.29	41.8
6 hr	360	7.82	46.9
9 hr	540	6.13	55.2
12 hr	720	5.16	61.9
18 hr	1080	4.01	72.2
24 hr	1440	3.34	80.2
30 hr	1800	2.89	86.7
36 hr	2160	2.56	92.2
48 hr	2880	2.10	101
72 hr	4320	1.60	115



100 YEAR ARI CRITICAL FLOWS - PRE & POST DEVELOPMENT

CATCHMENT		AREAS	(m2)		EFFECTI\	/E AREAS 12)		CONCENT	RATION P	RE DEVEL	OPMENT	TIME OF	CONCENT	RATION PO	ST-DEVE	LOPMENT		CAL STORM SITY (mm/h)		FLOW	_			STORAGE			
	Roof	Carpark	os	Basin	Total	Pre	Post	Longest	RL Top	RL	Slope	TC (mIn)	Longest	RL Top	RL	Slope	TC (mln)	Pre-Dev	Post-Dev	Pre Dev	Post Dev	Total	Storage	Effective	Volume	Water Depth	Overflow
								Path (m)	(mAHD)	Bottom	(m/km)		Path (m)	(mAHD)	Bottom							Flow	Req (m3)	Storage	Check	(m)	(m3)
										(mAHD)					(mAHD)							(m3)		(m3)			
Shop	313	1175	499	63	2050	615	1701	55	250.5	248.5	36.36	5.0	55	250.5	248.5	36.36	5.0	159.3	159.3	27.21	75.24	22.57	9.20	18.27	ok	0.3	0.00
Hall	175	577	708	41	1500	450	1004	52	250.5	247.5	57.69	5.0	52	250.5	247.5	57.69	5.0	159.3	159.3	19.91	44.43	13.33	4.06	9.58	ok	0.3	0.00
Childcare	394	588	1321	48	2350	705	1425	59	250.5	245.8	79.66	5.0	59	250.5	245.8	79.66	5.0	159.3	159.3	31.19	63.05	18.92	4.83	12.49	ok	0.27	0.00

Runoff Coefficients	Pre-Dev	Post-Dev			
Roof	0.3	1			
Carpark	0.3	1			
Cr OS	0.3	0.3			
Cr Basin	0.3	1			

Rainfall IFD			
Event	Duration	Intensity	Event
	(mins)	(mm/hr)	Rainfall
			(mm)
1 min	1	259.20	4.32
2 min	2	214.80	7.16
3 min	3	195.60	9.78
4 min	4	180.00	12
5 min	5	168.00	14
10 min	10	123.60	20.6
15 min	15	99.20	24.8
20 min	20	83.70	27.9
25 min	25	72.96	30.4
30 min	30	65.00	32.5
45 min	45	50.40	37.8
1 hr	60	42.10	42.1
1.5 hr	90	32.93	49.4
2 hr	120	27.80	55.6
3 hr	180	22.10	66.3
4.5 hr	270	17.67	79.5
6 hr	360	15.07	90.4
9 hr	540	11.89	107
12 hr	720	10.00	120
18 hr	1080	7.72	139
24 hr	1440	6.29	151
30 hr	1800	5.30	159
36 hr	2160	4.61	166
48 hr	2880	3.65	175
72 hr	4320	2.63	189

